## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF UTAH

IN RE: Rehaif v. United States, GENERAL ORDER

139 S. Ct. 2191 (2019)

No. 20-013

Pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal Justice Act, Title 18, U.S.C. § 3006A(a)(I) and (c), and the discretion of the Court, the Office of the Federal Public Defender for the District of Utah is hereby appointed to represent any defendant who was previously determined to have been entitled to appointment of counsel, or who is now indigent, to determine whether that defendant may qualify for federal habeas relief under either 28 U.S.C. § 2255 or 28 U.S.C. § 2241 in light of *Rehaif v. United States*,139 S. Ct. 2191 (2019). Upon a determination that any such defendant may qualify for relief, the Federal Public Defender will contact prior appointed counsel to determine whether prior counsel wishes to seek reappointment in order to pursue such relief. In cases where prior counsel does not wish to continue representation, and in cases where the Federal Public Defender was originally appointed, the Federal Public Defender is appointed for purposes of seeking any available relief based upon *Rehaif*.

The United States Probation Office for the District of Utah and the United States

District Court Clerk's Office for the District of Utah are authorized to disclose Presentence

Investigation Reports, Statements of Reasons, and Judgments to the Federal Public

Defender's Office for the purpose of determining eligibility for relief under *Rehaif*.

**SO ORDERED** this 18<sup>th</sup> day of May, 2020.

BY THE COURT:

ROBERT SHELBY
CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE