## THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF UTAH

TYLER OLSEN, and BRONCS & DONKS, Plaintiffs,

VS.

SETH LARSEN and CANVAS CUTTER, LLC.

Defendants.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY THIS CASE SHOULD NOT BE DISMISSED AND REMANDED TO STATE COURT FOR LACK OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION

Case No: 4:23-cv-00110-DN

Judge David Nuffer

A federal court has a duty to consider *sua sponte* whether it has subject-matter jurisdiction whenever a doubt arises as to the existence of federal jurisdiction.<sup>1</sup> If a court concludes that it lacks subject-matter jurisdiction in a case removed from state court, it must remand the case to state court.<sup>2</sup>

Defendants removed this case under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338 alleging federal question subject matter jurisdiction.<sup>3</sup> Plaintiff's Complaint contains five state law claims.<sup>4</sup> However, Defendants argue federal question jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 is satisfied because they filed "compulsory counterclaims of Copyright Infringement claims pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 501 et seq over which federal district courts hold exclusive jurisdiction."<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mt. Healthy City Sch. Dist. Bd. of Educ. v. Doyle, 429 U.S. 274, 278 (1977).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Notice of Removal at 2, docket no. 1, filed November 24, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Complaint, docket no.1-1, filed November 24, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Notice of Removal at 2. See also Answer and Counterclaim, docket no. 4, filed November 24, 2023.

With regard to federal question jurisdiction of a case with a patent-law counterclaim, the United States Supreme Court held: "federal jurisdiction generally exists only when a federal question is presented on the face of the *plaintiff's* properly pleaded complaint." Additionally, the Supreme Court also stated that a counterclaim "which appears as part of the defendant's answer, not as part of the plaintiff's complaint—cannot serve as the basis for [federal question] jurisdiction." More recently, the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit agreed: "In general, original jurisdiction is lacking unless there is diversity of citizenship or 'a federal question is presented on the face of the plaintiff's properly pleaded complaint.' [A] case may not be removed to federal court solely because of a defense or counterclaim arising under federal law."

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that by no later than Friday February 2, 2024, Defendants shall file a response that explains why this case should not be remanded for lack of subject-matter jurisdiction. If Defendants fail to respond, this action will be remanded to state court.

Signed January 24, 2024.

BY THE COURT

David Nuffer

United States District Judge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Holmes Grp., Inc. v. Vornado Air Circulation Sys., Inc., 535 U.S. 826, 831, (2002).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Topeka Hous. Auth. v. Johnson, 404 F.3d 1245, 1247 (10th Cir.2005).